

Steel Beam Moment Strength

Flexural strength of a steel wide-flange beam section.

Assumptions

[ASSUME] AISC 14th Edition controls design

[ASSUME] Beam web is unstiffened

Inputs

Beam ultimate moment demand; $M_u = 30 \text{ kip} - \text{ft}$

Beam unbraced length; $L_b = 20 \text{ ft}$

Beam section size; section = W18X40

Steel yield strength; $F_y = 50 \text{ ksi}$

Modulus of elasticity; $E = 29000 \text{ ksi}$

Lateral-torsional buckling modification factor; $C_b = 1$ [AISC F1(3)]

Section Properties

$$S_x = 68.4 \text{ in}^3$$

$$Z_x = 78.4 \text{ in}^3$$

$$r_y = 1.27 \text{ in}$$

$$r_{ts} = 1.56 \text{ in}$$

$$J = 0.81 \text{ in}^4$$

$$h_o = 17.4 \text{ in}$$

$$b_f/2t_f = 5.73$$

$$h/t_w = 50.9$$

1. Beam Flexural Capacity

Flexural resistance factor

$$\phi_b = 0.9$$

[AISC F1(1)]

1.1. Section Compactness

$$\lambda_{pf} = 0.38 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}} = 0.38 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{29000 \text{ ksi}}{50 \text{ ksi}}}$$

$$\therefore \lambda_{pf} = 9.152$$

[AISC Table B4.1b(10)]

Check $b_f/2t_f \leq \lambda_{pf}$

$$5.73 \leq 9.152$$

\therefore Compact Flange

$$\lambda_{pw} = 3.76 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}} = 3.76 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{29000 \text{ ksi}}{50 \text{ ksi}}}$$

$$\therefore \lambda_{pw} = 90.55$$

[AISC Table B4.1b(15)]

Check $h/t_w \leq \lambda_{pw}$

$$50.9 \leq 90.55$$

\therefore Compact Web

1.2. Plastic Moment Strength

Nominal plastic moment strength

$$M_p = \frac{F_y \cdot Z_x}{12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}} = \frac{50 \text{ ksi} \cdot 78.4 \text{ in}^3}{12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}}$$

[AISC Eq. F2-1]

$$\therefore M_p = 326.7 \text{ kip-ft}$$

1.3. Yielding Strength

$$M_{ny} = \frac{F_y \cdot Z_x}{12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}} = \frac{50 \text{ ksi} \cdot 78.4 \text{ in}^3}{12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}}$$

[AISC Eq. F2-1]

$$\therefore M_{ny} = 326.7 \text{ kip-ft}$$

1.4. Lateral-Torsional Buckling

$$L_p = \frac{1.76 \cdot r_y \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}}}{12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}}$$

$$= \frac{1.76 \cdot 1.27 \text{ in} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{29000 \text{ ksi}}{50 \text{ ksi}}}}{12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}}$$

[AISC Eq. F2-5]

$$\therefore L_p = 4.486 \text{ ft}$$

$$c = 1$$

[AISC Eq. F2-8a]

$$\begin{aligned}
L_r &= \frac{\frac{1.95 \cdot r_{ts}}{12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}} \cdot E}{0.7 \cdot F_y} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{J \cdot c}{S_x \cdot h_o} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{J \cdot c}{S_x \cdot h_o}\right)^2 + 6.76 \cdot \left(\frac{0.7 \cdot F_y}{E}\right)^2}} \\
&= \frac{\frac{1.95 \cdot 1.56 \text{ in}}{12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}} \cdot 29000 \text{ ksi}}{0.7 \cdot 50 \text{ ksi}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{0.81 \text{ in}^4 \cdot 1}{68.4 \text{ in}^3 \cdot 17.4 \text{ in}} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{0.81 \text{ in}^4 \cdot 1}{68.4 \text{ in}^3 \cdot 17.4 \text{ in}}\right)^2 + 6.76 \cdot \left(\frac{0.7 \cdot 50 \text{ ksi}}{29000 \text{ ksi}}\right)^2}} \\
\therefore L_r &= 13.1 \text{ ft}
\end{aligned} \tag{AISC Eq. F2-6}$$

$$\rightarrow L_b > L_r$$

$$\begin{aligned}
F_{cr} &= \frac{C_b \cdot (\pi)^2 \cdot E}{\left(\frac{L_b \cdot 12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}}{r_{ts}}\right)^2} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{0.078 \cdot J \cdot c}{S_x \cdot h_o} \cdot \left(\frac{L_b \cdot 12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}}{r_{ts}}\right)^2} \\
&= \frac{1 \cdot (3.142)^2 \cdot 29000 \text{ ksi}}{\left(\frac{20 \text{ ft} \cdot 12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}}{1.56 \text{ in}}\right)^2} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{0.078 \cdot 0.81 \text{ in}^4 \cdot 1}{68.4 \text{ in}^3 \cdot 17.4 \text{ in}} \cdot \left(\frac{20 \text{ ft} \cdot 12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}}{1.56 \text{ in}}\right)^2} \\
\therefore F_{cr} &= 13.59 \text{ ksi}
\end{aligned} \tag{AISC Eq. F2-4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
M_{ncr} &= \frac{F_{cr} \cdot S_x}{12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}} = \frac{13.59 \text{ ksi} \cdot 68.4 \text{ in}^3}{12 \text{ in}/\text{ft}} \\
\therefore M_{ncr} &= 77.49 \text{ kip} - \text{ft}
\end{aligned} \tag{AISC F2.2(c)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
M_{nltb} &= \min(M_{ncr}, M_p) = \min(77.49 \text{ kip} - \text{ft}, 326.7 \text{ kip} - \text{ft}) \\
\therefore M_{nltb} &= 77.49 \text{ kip} - \text{ft}
\end{aligned} \tag{AISC Eq. F2-3}$$

1.5. Controlling Strength

Design flexural strength of the section

$$\begin{aligned}
\phi M_n &= \phi_b \cdot \min(M_{ny}, M_{nltb}) = 0.9 \cdot \min(326.7 \text{ kip} - \text{ft}, 77.49 \text{ kip} - \text{ft}) \\
\therefore \phi M_n &= 69.74 \text{ kip} - \text{ft}
\end{aligned}$$

Check $M_u \leq \phi M_n$

$$30 \text{ kip} - \text{ft} \leq 69.74 \text{ kip} - \text{ft}$$

$\therefore OK$